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3. これ合わせ、または電話で登録を 2 望の場合は、電話: 617-329-9580 または電話: 617-329-8090まで 2 絡ください。

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한 전시회 및 한 지붕 아래서 국제 무선 통신의 모든 분야와 잘래성을 살펴 보십시오

미국 플로리다주 올랜도시 오렌지 카운타 컨벤션 센터에서 1995년 9월 21일에 개장하는 PCS '95에 참가하시기 위해 서는 지금 준비를 시작하십시오'

PCS '95는 오직 무선 통신에 대해서만 집중적으로 초점을 두고 있습니다. 음성 또는 데이터, 페이징 또는 셀룰리, 위성 통신 링크 또는 디지털 통신 등 어느 분야에 관심을 가지고 계시는 PCS '95 에서 모든 것을 보시게 될 것입니다!

유럽, 북남미, 아시아 등 전세계의 통신 전문가들이 참석합니다! 무선 통신 산업 애 종사하는 모든 지도적 기술 혁신가들 이 참석합니다.

이들은 1995년에 산업, 장래성 및 전량에 대해 전반적인 최신 상황을 파악하는 데 이보다 더 좋은 곳이 없다는 것을 알기때문에 올랜도로 오는 것입니다.

이 독특한 국제적 교육 행사에 참여 하십시오

PCS '95는 30회 이상의 강습회를 통해 모든 중요한 이슈를 취급함으로써 타의 추종을 불허하는 교육 기회를 제공합니다. PCS '95는 다음과 같은 것을 여러분에게 알려 드릴 것입니다.

- 어떻게 로밍. 에어 인터페이스 표준, 위성 서비스 및 시임리스 통신 환경이 국제적으로 발전하고 있는가.
- PCS, 이동 데이터 및 기타 서비스의 미래는 어떠한가. PCS '95 에서 새로 등장하는 국제 시장에 대해 심층 지식을 얻으십시오.
- 위성 통신 서비스는 전체 무선 통신 분야 중 어느 부분에 적합한지 그리고 국내 및 국제 규정이 위성 통신의 성장에 어떻게 영향을 미치는가.

외국 방문객들을 위한 특별 서비스를 즐기십시오.

PCS '95는 여러분의 방문이 즐겁고 보람 있도록 하기 위해 다양한 서비스 로 외국 방문객을 맞이할 것입니다.

PCS '95의 인터내셔널 비즈니스 센터에는 여러분의 편의를 위해 통역사, 전화 및 휴게실이 마련되어 있습니다. 또한 여러분의 나라로 수출하는 데 관심을 가진 PCS '95 전시 업체를 소개하여 드릴 수 있습니다.

여행 지원, 식당 예약, 인근 명소에 대한 안내 등 여러 가지 도움을 인터 내셔널 비즈니스 센터에서 받으실 수 있습니다.





올랜도의 유명한 테마 공원과 오락 시설을 방문하실 수 있도 록 일정을 길게 잡으시기 바랍 니다.

모든 최신 제품을 관람하십시요

PCS '95는 업계에서 가장 현 보석의 최근 제를 소개하여 드립니다. 어떻게 성숙한 출수 통해 고객이 활용할 수 있는 신제품을 개발하는 기 배우 실 수 있습니다. 여러분의 사업에 필요한 크비스 를 제공하는 회사들과 만나실 후 있습니다. 200 개 이상의 회사가 출품하므로 경쟁 제품을 극란히 비교할 수 있습니다. 현명한 구입을 하시고 여러분 의 미래가 요구하는 성공적인 기래를 하십시오!

업무외 시간은?

PCS '95 에서 업무가 끝나면, 여러분은 세계 최고 관광지 가운데 하나인 올랜도 지역의 명소에 둘러 싸일 것입니다.

월트 다즈니 월드, 유니버설 스튜디오 플로리다, 시 월드 등의 테마 공원을 구경하십시오. 케이프 카내베랄과 케네디 우주 센터를 방문하십시오. 플로리다 해변과 수많은 인근 골프장에서 느긋 하게 긴장을 푸십시오.

이 모든 것이 올랜도에서 여러분을 기다리고 있으며, 추억에 남을 1995 Personal Communications Showcase 방문의 한 부분이 될 것입니다

참석 방법

1. 공한 등록 양식을 완전히 작성하여 팩스 조 유편으로 PCS '95 Expc Registration 요으로 보내시기 바랍니다



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3. 조 사항이 있으시거나 전화로 등록하시 물 원하시면 617-329-9580 번으로 전화 지나 617-329-8090 번으로 팩스를 보내 소 파랍니다.

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PCS'95 將於 1995 年 9 月 21 日在美國佛羅里達 州奧蘭多市橙郡會議中心舉行!請立刻作出赴 會安排

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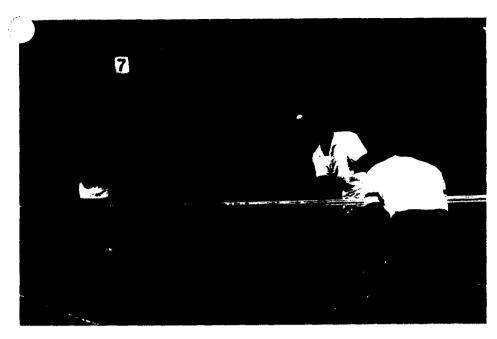
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1. 主 **埃高随信寄**上的註冊表 然後寄回 \$35**大會註冊處** 四件地址是

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3. 本有疑問,或者希望打電話註冊, 大下號碼和我們聯絡:617-329-9580 表;617-329-8090 (傳真)。

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Preliminary Schedule

September

9:00 au Registration 8:00 a.m Preconference Program

September

7:30 a.i Registration Super Session 9:00 a. Exhibits Open 11:00 a 1:00 p Concurrent Sessions 4:00 p. Opening Reception PCS '95 Gala* 7:00 p.

September

8:00 a.m Registration 9:00 a.m Super Session Exhibits Open 11:00 a.m. 10:45 p.ms Concurrent Sessions



Registration 8:00 a.m. Special Session 9:00 a.m. **Exhibits Open** 9:00 a.m. Florida Brunch (Exhibit Hall)

* Held at Universal Studios. Special ticket required

9:00 a.m.

Exhibitor List

3M-Telecom System Divi A.G. Beeper Accessories 4A" Communications AccessLine Technologie: Accutech international Advance Laber & Tag Advanced Signal Ailen Teleciin Allcon Alpha/Argu America's Network American Management Systems (AMS) Ariener Graphies Andrew Octporation Anre-International Inc Arch Nationwide Paging ARDIS Assemble Products Corporation Astron Corporation AS TRONET Derporation AT3 T Vetwork Wireless Systems ATA Information Systems Actiovox left ilar Communications Bala System Baker Products Ber Atlant Be core Bia Publications/Consulting By the voice Systems Inc. 1.1 Canamex Communications cropration Capital Data Systems Casic Computer/Mitsui Comtek · Intelli Lar Business Magazine Bildian Service Inc. HWave Centiorar enturior International Inc 'dat bliectech Systems inc emmunications Associates and Committee Leatex imputer Resources OMISAT RS msear Comverse Technology Inc. nsortain of Consultants Texas PCS) mative Applications Inc SS Power Inc ushcraft Corporation aniels & Associates APA Communications ataCard Corporation atron Telecommunications nternational esktop Paging Software Inc. evtek Electronic Packaging Systems Habio Communications rigital Microwave Corporation gital Sound Corporation Frect Paging rect Power Plus scover Card Services SP Communications Inc. Anamo Dresden Inc. agte Terecom International DS Personal Communications

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ISSUES OF PARTICULAR CONCERN TO ANTICIPATED AUDIENCE

The following issues are of particular concern to PCIA's membership and the likely audience at *PCS '95* in Orlando:

- I. MICROWAVE RELOCATION (TAB A)
 - A. Balancing rights of incumbents and PCS licensees (TAB B)
 - B. Microwave relocation cost sharing (TAB C)
- II. BUILDING THE WIRELESS INFRASTRUCTURE
 - A. Responsible policies governing siting of wireless telecommunications facilities (TAB D)
 - B. Access to government lands and facilities for siting purposes (TAB E)
- III. NUMBERING ADMINISTRATION
 - A. Exhaust of toll free numbering resources and access to toll free numbers for personal communications services, such as paging (TAB F)
 - B. NPA relief activities (TABG)
 - C. Future administration of the North American Numbering Plan (TAB H)
- IV. SPEEDING AUCTIONS OF REMAINING PCS LICENSE (TAB I)
- V. BROADCASTER FLEXIBILITY (TAB J)
- VI. MARKET AREA LICENSING OF PAGING (TAB K)
- VII. INTERCONNECTION AND RESALE POLICIES (TAB L)

Brief descriptions of these issues follow, with some background reference materials, as appropriate. Please do not hesitate to contact Mark Golden at PCIA for additional information on this or any other issue.

MICROWAVE RELOCATION

Some 9,000 microwave links are deployed in the spectrum allocated to licensed, broadband PCS. While in some areas of the country it may be possible for PCS to co-exist with these incumbents, at least in the short term, in many key markets the relocation of microwave facilities is a necessary prerequisite for the deployment of services.

PCS licensees are obligated to protect incumbent microwave licensees from interference from PCS operations and, when this is not possible, to relocate them to comparable facilities outside the PCS spectrum. The full cost of this relocation is the PCS operator's responsibility. The PCS operator is also obligated to guarantee that the new facilities are comparable and, if this does not prove to be the case, return the microwave licensee to their original facilities.

PCIA has identified several problems which could thwart the successful deployment of broadband PCS. Some simply require clarification: others require a rulemaking proceeding. PCIA has identified these issues to the Commission and is urging the most rapid possible action to address them.

CHALLENGES FACING THE PCS INDUSTRY

The FCC has put significant effort into establishing a framework for the auctioning of 2 GHz spectrum for the provision of new Personal Communications Services (PCS) and the transition of the band from fixed microwave operations to PCS. The Personal Communications Industry Association (PCIA) has played a major role working with the PCS industry and the Commission to facilitate the deployment of the new products and services that will change the face of the communications industry. As the time for actual deployment of these new services arrives, it is critical that the Commission act quickly to remove some obstacles that threaten the successful conclusion of all of the Commission's work over the last several years. PCIA urges the FCC to take rapid steps to resolve these issues, some of which only require clarification of the PCS Rules while others may require a rulemaking proceeding.

ISSUES REQUIRING CLARIFICATION:

Microwave Incumbents Are Entitled Under FCC Rules to a Comparable System. Not Premium Payments. The Commission should clarify its rules and clearly state that the 2 GHz transition rules are to protect incumbents from injury due to relocation and not to be used to extract additional payments above the cost of a comparable system from PCS providers. Some incumbents seem to misunderstand the FCC's regulations and believe that they are free to threaten to delay deployment of PCS unless large premiums are paid.

A Public Notice Starting the Voluntary Relocation Period for Microwave Relocation for All PCS Spectrum Blocks Should Be Promptly Issued. The Commission announced that the start date for A and B Block voluntary microwave relocation periods was April 5, 1995. However, A and B Block licensees may need to clear microwave links from the adjacent channels in the C, D, E and F Blocks in order to deploy their systems. Therefore, a public notice should be released which starts the voluntary negotiation period for all PCS blocks. PCIA notes that starting the voluntary negotiation period in no way changes the one year notification that microwave licenses are guaranteed in the rules. (Redevelopment of Spectrum to Encourage Innovation in the Use of New Telecommunications Technologies, 8 FCC Rcd 6589, 6595 ¶ 15 (1993)).

The 12 Month Testing Period for Relocated Microwave Licensees Should Begin When the Cut-Over to the New System Occurs. The transition rules should be clarified to state that the 12 month testing period for an incumbent's new system begins when the incumbent starts using the new system. This will eliminate any ambiguity as to when the new system is accepted.

When the 12 Month Testing Period Ends, the Party Holding the License Should Surrender the Authorization and the FCC Should Issue a Public Notice Stating That the Link Has Been Decommissioned. So that there is no confusion among PCS licensees trying to deploy their systems as to which microwave licenses are still authorized, the microwave license for a relocated licensee should be surrendered to the FCC when the testing period has expired, and the Commission should issue a public notice so all PCS licensees will be aware that the incumbent has been successfully relocated.

ISSUES REQUIRING A RULEMAKING PROCEEDING:

The FCC Should Initiate A Rulemaking Proceeding and Adopt A Mandatory Cost Sharing Plan based on PCIA's Consensus Proposal. To facilitate the rapid relocation of the microwave licensees in the 2 GHz band, the FCC should adopt rules consistent with the proposal filed by PCIA. The PCIA proposal protects the interests of PCS providers and microwave incumbents, takes advantage of the efficiencies from a coordinated relocation process, and minimizes the administrative burden on the Commission.

No Additional Microwave Links in the PCS Spectrum Should Be Granted Primary Status. The initial PCS auctions have been completed and PCS providers are beginning to relocate microwave incumbents in their license areas and deploy PCS systems. Any new links granted primary status by the Commission will only increase the number of links that PCS providers must relocate and delay the delivery of PCS to the public.

PCS Providers Should Be Allowed to Hold a Relocated Microwave Incumbent's License During the Testing Period. The FCC should modify its rules to allow a PCS provider to hold the incumbent's license during the 12 month testing period. This will ensure that at the end of the testing period when the incumbent is satisfied with its new system, the PCS provider can surrender the license to the FCC and see that a public notice is issued.

Swift action by the Commission to address these issues and ensure that the deployment of PCS is not delayed and that these new services are available to the public on an expedited basis.

MICROWAVE RELOCATION

A. Balancing rights of incumbents and PCS licensees

FCC rules govern the relocation process. These rules were crafted to provide absolute protection to incumbent microwave licensee: they ensure that the microwave incumbent suffers <u>no</u> operational or economic harm from the relocation process.

PCIA fully supports this approach: in fact, the microwave relocation plan adopted by the FCC in ET Docket 92-9 is based upon a consensus proposal developed by the association and submitted to the Commission in June of 1992.

Some incumbents, however, are attempting to use these rules to extract additional payments above the cost of a comparable system, leveraging off their ability to delay deployment of PCS services.

PCIA believes the Commission should clarify that microwave incumbents are entitled to a comparable systems, not premium payments.



Jay Kitchen, President

April 28, 1995

The Honorable Reed E. Hundt Chairman Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 814 Washington, D.C. 20554

Re: <u>PCS/Microwave Relocation Issues</u>

Dear Mr. Chairman:

The Commission's allocation of spectrum for Personal Communications Services ("PCS") and, in particular, the PCS band plan that was largely a product of your office's tireless work with the industry, represents a major achievement for the agency. More recently, the smooth and timely implementation of the auction for the A and B block spectrum exceeded virtually everyone's expectations, both within and outside the agency. You are to be commended for your efforts in placing these valuable PCS licenses in the hands of entrepreneurs who, in turn, may now proceed to provide innovative and beneficial services to the public.

The PCS industry is now gearing up for the difficult work required to bring your vision, and the vast promise of this exciting new technology, into reality. For example, PCIA is now developing plans for facilitating the relocation of entire microwave systems, as opposed to ad hoc replacement of individual microwave links, in response to microwave licensees' concerns. PCIA's efforts also include continued exploration of the feasibility of implementing a cost sharing program to encourage coordinated relocation activities among affected PCS providers.

Unfortunately, just as PCS is moving forward, it has become apparent that there exists a substantial potential for serious troubles to arise from abuses of the rules adopted to protect microwave licensee interests in the relocation process. These troubles threaten the realization of the Commission's goals for prompt deployment of PCS service to the public notwithstanding the PCS industry's commitment to that process.

PCIA firmly and unquestionably supports the rights of microwave licensees to the provision of full cost compensation and comparable alternative facilities in exchange for their agreement to relocate from the PCS spectrum. Indeed, PCIA has worked very hard in

1019 19th Street XW. Suite 1100 Wishington, DC 20036-5105 Tel: 202-407-4770 Fig. 202-467-6987

1501 Duke Street Alexandria, VA 22314-3450 Tel: 703-739-0300 Fax: 703-836-1608 Honorable Reed Hundt April 28, 1995 Page 2

this context. The current rules largely track PCIA proposals and most recently the Association worked hard to maintain tax relief for relocation sales and exchanges. However, it has now come to PCIA's attention that those rules may be misused by certain parties to achieve perverse results which were unintended by the agency and are clearly not in the public interest.

At least one major organization seeking to represent collectively microwave licensees in the relocation process has distributed materials that graphically underscore and promote the use by incumbent microwave licensees of their inherent bargaining leverage to extract excessive premium payments in relocation negotiations. This marketing material clearly suggests exploiting the FCC's safeguards -- which were adopted to protect microwave licensees from being abused themselves -- to extract enormous payouts from PCS licensees. That material stresses the economic pressures faced by PCS licensees who need to move quickly to implement service because of the substantial financing costs that would result from any delay and points out the control a microwave licensee can exercise to block prompt service deployment by stalling on its relocation negotiations. The implicit message conveyed is that the combination of the existing rules and the large sums paid out by auction winners encourage strategic behavior by microwave licensees that the FCC never contemplated, never would endorse, and should not tolerate now.

If this suggested pattern of abuses materializes, the FCC can and should consider several options to prevent such misuse of its rules. First, the Commission should consider whether the voluntary negotiation periods afforded under the rules should or, indeed, can be maintained in an environment where microwave licensee organizations are seeking to misuse them for purely private pecuniary gain. Elimination of such periods could go a long way toward diffusing the threat that microwave licensees could delay the introduction of PCS services as a means to extract unwarranted concessions

Second, the FCC should consider whether or not to place a limit on the total cost compensation and value of comparable alternative facilities available to microwave licensees in order to eliminate any possibility that an unmerited premium could be sought or obtained during the mandatory negotiation period.

Finally, the Commission should consider whether the current 12 month testing period -- which permits a microwave licensee to be returned to its original facilities within a year after cutover to new facilities where the latter prove not to be comparable -- should be eliminated to prevent efforts by microwave licensees to extract premiums for early release from this obligation.

Honorable Reed Hundt April 28, 1995 Page 3

As stated above, PCIA is strongly committed to facilitating the achievement of the Commission's and the industry's goals for early deployment of PCS. PCIA therefore urges you to take whatever actions may be necessary to ensure that the economic interests of private parties are not permitted to interfere with the public interest in delivery of these important and valuable services.

Respectfully submitted,

Jay Kitchen
Jay Kitchen



November 21, 1994

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ALL 2 GHz LICENSEES

Big Moncy and Your 2 GHz Microwave Band Relocation

Dear 2 GHz Licenson

The Pederal Communications Communication (PCC) has received 74 applications to participate in an auction, beginning December 5, 1994, of 99 Major Trading Arm licenses to provide Personal Communications Services in the 2 GHz hand (broadband PCS) on frequency Blocks A and B.

As expected, the bidders for the MTA licenses include some of the inspect relecontrunications companies in the United States. Among those submitting applications were:

- Associated Veneur (Associated Communications)
- ATAT Wireland PCS Inc.
- Continental Cablevision, Inc.
- Radiofone Nation-wide Faging Services, Inc.
- · American Portulale Telectimenunications, Inc.
- WirelessCo, Limited Partnership (Consortium of Sprint, Comcast, Cox Communications and Telescommunications, Inc.)
- GTB Magno Communications Communication
- PCS Primeco Limited Partnership (Consordum of Nynex, Reli Atlantic, US West and Air Touch)
- BellSouth Personal Communications, Inc.
- Councest Telephony Services II, Inc.
- Con Cable Communications, Inc.
- Pacific Televis Mobile Systems
- Southwestern Reil Mobile Systems, Inc.

I also wented you to maline that 74 PCS providens:

- Are Investing "big" munsy.
 - Want their inventment to work.
- May be the proud numers of your 2 GHz microwave license in the very near future.

 Are in a hurry to enter the market.

AND WHAT HAVE YOU DONES

Will you he ready for the transition?

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ALL 2 GHZ LECENSEES Page 2

These applicance were required to submit their unfrant payment for the December 5 auction by Friday, November 18, 1994.

For example, the upfront payment by a PCS provider for the following four Major Trading Areas, consisting of either one or two 30 MHz MTA Prequency blocks, amounted to:

Marient No	Major Tracling Ares	Population	Unfame Payment	Blocks
Mul	New York	26,410,597	\$ 15,846,399	B Only
M-5	Claicago	12,069,700	\$ 7,241,820	A&B
M-10	Whehington-Bakimuse	7,777,875	\$ 4,666,725	B Only
M-34	Kanas City	2,915,304	5 1,747,983	AMB

^{*} Upfront Payment = Population x Block Size in MHz x \$.03

The upfront psyment is small compared to the "big money" the successful bidder will have to pay for a PCS license in the December 5, 1994 suction.

Money insues are always interesting and intriguing. Following is an example of the amount of investment which might be made by a PCS provider for the Major Trading Area No. 10. Washington-Beltimore:

Market No:

10

Major Trading Area:

Washington-Battimore

DESCRIPTION OF

\$ 4.666,725

interest otherwise samed on uplicant payment:

WE YEARLY INTEREST RATE OTHERWISE EARNED: \$ 575,300 RM MONTHLY INTEREST RATE OTHERWISE FARNED: \$ 57,300

Pomible Austion

\$752,000,000

History Price for MTA No. 10

due and payable 5 days after the license has been

awunded.

interest otherwise eassed on auction investment:

5% YEARLY INTEREST RATE OTHERWISE EARNED: \$ 60,160,000 \$ 5,000,000 \$ 5,000,000

IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR ALL 2 GHZ LICENSEES Page 3

Marketing issues are also very interesting. Now that we have learned how the PCS provider who invested in the Washington-Baltimore License Black & could receive, conservatively speaking, a monthly interest of — WOW! — \$5,000,000 on his auction investment, we can determine without a doubt that the PCS provider will be most anxious to enter the PCS market in a hurry to recoup its investment. The PCS provider needs to enter the market the minute he has been instead the 2 GHz keepec. The PCS provider cannot afford to less \$5,000,000 per month and more, expectably state to will have to spend suffices or your billions more to build bits not poors.

NOW THE MOST IMPOSTANT QUESTION, YOU THE 3 GRE LICENSIS.

"What have I done to be ready for the transition?"

Over the past several months we have suggested that you plan carty. We asked you to address crucial decisions about your selection, such as:

- . Where to so?
- What should the compensation package include?
- What negotiation strategy should I employ?

Are you propered to accomplish this major transition task alone? If not, UTC Service Corporation and its Transition Team can assist you.

Call us today toll-free at 1-800-900-4882 and find our how we can assist you in relocating from the 2 GHz band.

Sinceruly,

Trudy McManand

Murketing and Bales Manuser



Course Cidle Street and Con 1900

Found Money on City's Info Highway

By Melinda Powelson

ohn Eger, San Diego's self-professed wizard of telecommunications, has an interesting history. A former CBS broad-

conting executive, Figer has advised the likes of past presidents Richard Minm and Gerald Ford on selecommunics.

San Diegn six venes ago, Eger has succeeded in making himself an indispensable advisor to Mayor Susan Galding.

Two years ago, Eger, now a

1040/37

or at Son theyn State. pointed to the hour! of the San Diego Data Processing Center, a city-awned agency that provides the city with computer services. He also serves as chairman of Goldserves as constraint on unit-ing's City of the Future Com-mittee, a group intended to make San Diego the "hub of information technology," How figer is involved in an-

other city project — but this time, he's getting paid. Last month, City Manager Jack McGrary awarded a \$245,000 contract to a nine-member consulting team led by the Washington, D.C. law firm.

Keller and Heckman, Fyer will serve as the group's "stratego: advisor" for a fee of \$270 an

The consultants' assignment; to help negetiate a deal that may be worth millions of

Nest year, big cable and telephone companies want to begin affering a new kind of term," supposed to revolutionize the way America commu-nicates. Tiny prochet cellular phones will be able to take incoming calls and pages and

But before telecome cations companies can pro-ceed, they have to clear airwaves currently used by local government for police, fire, and ambulance transmission Cities have been ordered to find another frequency on the spectrum for their networks spectrum int their necurris, By law, the new necupants of the frequencies must pay line the expensive equipment re-quired to build new systems for the cities.

Transaction is mounting the for moving, while communimarket their products as soon as possible, we they don't want

team is being paul to deter-mine how much money the city should charge for the communication with tele-communication with tele-

That has both figer's fin-gerprints all over it," save blicked Shames of tickar

Metamork Landermont watchdog group. He points out that Eger has encouraged publicprivate partnerships in the

past.
Other cities across the

"We wanted to move quickly on this and not hold up the new sechanless," Asys Richard Wilhers of the city's ne department The inner that we Saint to pe seen combles

That's where Figer and the executing trees comes as. The didn't have the experience to participate in their negotia sires, Willen captain, "ne se bired a contentiant to come up-with a plan. The care see imaged three applicants and ubimactive charse lefter and Heckman, The term is held by Richards, when specializes in releasem-numications. Other pareli-posts include 6 hards 1, lack-am and letters Roddle, at the feesages Policy Research Con-age in Marshaut; Marks rooms and Klaso Remier of the Indarsty Telegrammun, asince Association; and Figer, who heads up "granqu, planning" (Like Figer, Robble and La kous also charge \$270 on hour.) \$30ken admin that Figer's

Withern admints that Figer is participations gave the Keller and Leckman programal an ad-casting once the other assemblants. We liked the fact that they had sometime who knew what the situation here was: Willen care, adding, "I alwa-lutely don't think it's a conflict."

Shames disagrees, saying Eger's participation raises some important questions.



Los Angeles, San Francisco. Portland, and Scattle are all handling the negotiations on their own. "We don't want to their steel. We are twant to waste the latpurers' money." says lead Harrington of Port-land. "This is an issue of se-turing emergency communi-cations — not about making Washington, D.C. lawyers

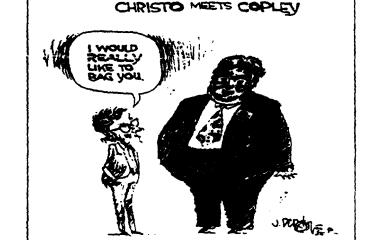
rich."
The debate began when the The details regain when the Federal Communications Communications Communication (First decided to reevaluate how it divided the radio spectrum. To accommunicate the housing celular endurary, the seat indeped the

leties to more. Telegrammana, sea-Pariety Schools and a red ablevenue paul Ch million to se-cure in conce in San I begis for the new wireless services. to be on the strand start mar-keting their services by 1996.

We really don't know | Eger | with on the City of the Future Committee," Shames says, "Did he do it because he is really interested in finding the best services for the city! Or did he do it so that he could get lucrative city

Two weeks ago, Cindy Hicks, Eger's secretary, said her Hicks, Eger's secretary, and her boss was traveling abroad and that she would contact figer about questions regarding his onle in the consulting protect. Eger did not return calls. In re-Hicks said Fact was will rest of

the country,
"We determined that Mr. # Figer's role in the manner's City at the Future Committee had nothing to do with the contract we are talking about. care Assistant City Attender Curtis Fitzputrick. The Com-mutice is mit grang to week on a



Info highway

any of the microsume reloca-tion issues. The city is not pr-ing to take the position that everyone who has volunteered

Coust city has bired outside consulting firms to assist with negotiations. "Yet are heading this in-house." says for Class, of the City of Los Angles, which is also negotiating with Pacific Telesis and Cax Cabervison. "We have already been notified of their intent to use our microsover bands, and we are hectanian. bands, and we are beginning the negatiation process." he says. Chan estimates that it

CITY LIGHTS

remained from page of will cost the companies roughly \$1 million so move the city's system.
Portland communication

director Harrington says his city has also decided to nego-tiate without consultants. The only people who are gring to benefit from this are the high-proced consultants, who get paid ridiculous announts manner. Most claims should be able to do this on their own."

able to do this on their own."

San Diego's Wilken disagrees. "This is a very complicated area of the low, and it's an important decision for San Diego. We wanted to make certain that we understand all of the options available to us in these negotiations." Furthermore, he adds, the consulting fees will ubitanately be paid by Pacific Telesis and Can — not the tatpayers.

Chan says that his department never even considered the possibility of public-prime partnerships. "All we want and to is proveed the transparent proves the city is emergency communications nex-

an do is prosect the city's emergency communications net-mork. To says. This is an op-portunity to apprade our sys-tem, at an experise to the tax-papers. I don't think it as ap-propriate to be speculating about public-provise ventures. Portland's Harrington agrees. This isn't about lank-ing for opportunities to make moner. This is about securing conergency communications systems for the metropolitan area. We we already moved our

systems for the metroposium area. We've already moved mure entire communications system. What I want to do is recoup some of the cost of the refocutions.

But San Diegn's Wilken save that Portland and L.A. nav he menten ent in a once ina-hictoric opportunity. "We have been getting calls from all over the U.S. asking us for all-rice," he savs. "We want to make sure that we build a state-of-the-art communications network."

However, industry analysts warn that San Diego should-

n'i he si cager There are some heightened expectations out there that have to be dealt with.

Bilking would not be too
uring of a word, says Mark
Golden, of the Personal Communications Industry Associ-

munications Industry Associ-ation.

"Everyone thinks that be-cause [Pacific Telesis and Con] have paid millions for the li-censes, that they jave limitions deep pockets," continues Golden. "City officials think that they may have discovered a way to help bulance the bud-get. That is categorically un-true — and unfair to the in-dustry. This should be a win-win for everybody."

Wilken says San Diego has no intention of extorting

witten says an Dreps has no intention of exterting money from the providers. The want to remive this issue to the benefit of the tappayers, but we don't intend to do it at the cost of the new sechnology #

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MICROWAVE RELOCATION

B. Microwave relocation cost sharing

Completing the relocation process in a timely manner requires the establishment of strong incentives for microwave licensees to relocate and the removal of disincentives for relocation.

PCIA's Microwave Relocation Task Force, which has been aggressively addressing this critical concern since 1994, recognized that many links fall in more than one PCS licensee's geographic market and/or spectrum. Moreover, incumbents have expressed a strong preference to have entire systems, not individual links, replaced. A mechanism for allowing PCS licensees to share cost of microwave relocations in such cases was identified by the industry as a priority issue.

PCIA proposed such a cost sharing plan in Docket 90-314. While the Commission failed to act on PCIA's proposal at that time, the imminent deployment of PCS systems has raised the level of urgency in securing a resolution in this matter.

Pacific Bell (a PCIA Microwave Relocation Task Force participant) filed a *Petition for Rulemaking* in May 1995 which refined PCIA's original proposal and made the case for adoption of a cost sharing plan on an expedited basis. PCIA's task force made further refinements to the plan and secured a broad ranging consensus of PCS licensees in support of the PCIA proposal.¹

Expeditious implementation of cost sharing is a priority issue for the broadband PCS industry.

Ameritech, American Personal Communications, Bell South Wireless, Ominipoint Communications, Pacific Bell Mobile Services and Western PCS Corporation, companies with PCS A and B block authorizations covering approximately 100 million POPs, were signatories on PCIA's cost sharing plan; Comments filed demonstrated overwhelming support among both PCS licensees and the microwave industry.

Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20554

Petition for Rulemaking)	
of Pacific Bell Mobile Services)	RM-8643
Regarding a Plan for Sharing)	
the Costs of Microwave Relocation)	

COMMENTS OF THE PERSONAL COMMUNICATIONS INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

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